

# Radiation Hardened Low Dropout Adjustable Negative Voltage Regulator

## **ISL72991RH**

The radiation hardened <a href="ISL72991RH">ISL72991RH</a> is a low dropout adjustable negative regulator with an output voltage range of -2.25V to -26V. The device features a 1A output current capability, an adjustable current limit pin (ILIM) and a shutdown pin (SD) for easy on/off control.

The device incorporates unique circuitry that enables precision performance over the -55°C to +125°C temperature range and post-irradiation. Specifications over the full temperature range include an internal reference voltage of -1.25V +40mV/-50mV (max), line regulation of  $\pm$ 25mV (max) and load regulation of  $\pm$ 15mV (max). The reference voltage is the ADJ to GND voltage.

Constructed with the Intersil dielectrically isolated Rad Hard Silicon Gate (RSG) BiCMOS process, these devices are immune to single event latch-up and have been specifically designed to provide highly reliable performance in harsh radiation environments.

# **Applications**

- · Post switching power supplies
- DC/DC converters
- · Motor controllers

## **Features**

- Electrically screened to DLA SMD # 5962-02503
- QML qualified per MIL-PRF-38535 requirements
- · Latch-up immune DI process
- Nominal output voltage range . . . . . . . -2.25V to -26V
- Load regulation . . . . . . . . . ±12mV (typ); ±15mV (max)
- Dropout voltage (100mA) . . . . . . . . 0.2V (typ); 0.3V (max)
- Minimum load current......3.0mA
- TTL input-level shutdown (SD); Low = on
- Radiation environment
  - SEL/SEB LET<sub>TH</sub> (V<sub>S</sub> = -30V) ........... 86.4 MeV cm<sup>2</sup>/mg
  - Total dose, high dose rate................ 300krad(Si)

## **Related Literature**

- TID, "Low Dose Rate Testing of the Intersil ISL72991RH Negative Low Dropout Regulator"
- SEE, "Single Effects Testing of the ISL72991RH Adjustable Voltage Regulator"
- UG012, ISL72991RHEVAL2Z Evaluation Board User Guide

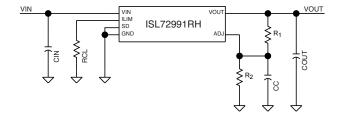


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL APPLICATION

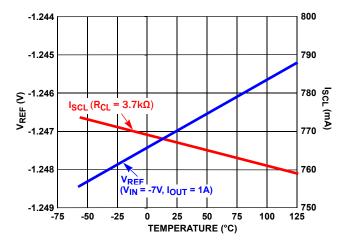


FIGURE 2. V<sub>REF</sub> AND I<sub>SCL</sub> vs TEMPERATURE

# **Ordering Information**

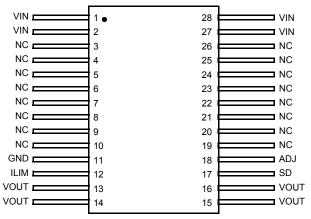
ORDERING SMD NUMBER (Note 2)	PART NUMBER (Note 1)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (RoHS Compliant)	PKG. DWG. #
5962F0250301VXC	ISL72991RHVF	-55 to +125	28 Ld Flatpack	K28.A
5962F0250301QXC	ISL72991RHQF	-55 to +125	28 Ld Flatpack	K28.A
5962F0250301V9A	ISL72991RHVX	-55 to +125	DIE	
ISL72991RHF/PROTO	ISL72991RHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	28 Ld Flatpack	K28.A
ISL72991RHX/SAMPLE	ISL72991RHX/SAMPLE	-55 to +125	DIE	
ISL72991RHEVAL2Z	Evaluation Board			

#### NOTES:

- 1. These Intersil Pb-free Hermetic packaged products employ 100% Au plate e4 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations.
- 2. Specifications for Rad Hard QML devices are controlled by the Defense Logistics Agency Land and Maritime (DLA). The SMD numbers listed in the "Ordering Information" table must be used when ordering.

# **Pin Configuration**





# **Pin Descriptions**

GND □

**CIRCUIT 1** 

ESD CLAMP

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT	DESCRIPTION		
1, 2, 27, 28	VIN	Circuit 2	Regulator Bias and Input Connection. All 4 pins must be tied together.		
12	ILIM	Circuit 2	Current Limiting Set Input		
13, 14, 15, 16	VOUT	Circuit 2	Regulator Output Connection. All 4 pins must be tied together.		
17	SD	Circuit 1	Shut Down Input, active high.		
18	ADJ	Circuit 2	Output Voltage Adjust Input		
11	GND		Ground Connection		
3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26	NC		No Internal connections. Can be connected to ground or thermal plane.		
	CAPACITIVELY COUPLED		GND CAPACITIVELY COUPLED		

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ESD CLAMP

**CIRCUIT 2** 

# **Functional Block Diagram**

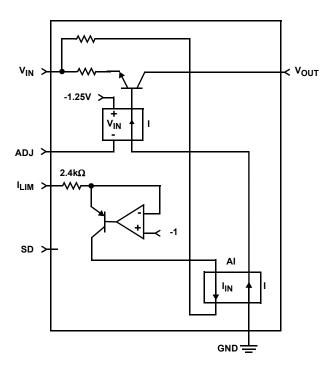


FIGURE 3. FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

# **Typical Application**

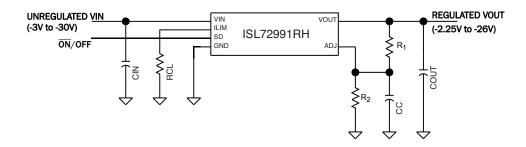


FIGURE 4. TYPICAL APPLICATION

- VDC TO -VDC VOLTAGE REGULATION CIRCUIT

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# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Minimum Supply Voltage35V
Minimum Supply Voltage (Note 5)
Minimum Output Current
Output Short-circuit Duration. Thermal Protection Indefinite
ESD Rating
Human Body Model (HBM) (Tested per MIL-PRF-883 3015.7) 3kV
Machine Model (MM) (Tested per EIA/JESD22-A115-A) 300V
Charged Device Model (CDM) (Tested per JESD22-C101D) 1kV

### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$\theta_{JC}$ (°C/W)
28 Ld Flatpack (Notes 3, 4)	60	5
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	6	5°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (T <sub>JMAX</sub> )		+150°C
Pb-free Reflow Profile		see <u>TB493</u>

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Ambient Operating Temperature Range	55°C to +125°C
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	+150°C
Supply Voltage	3V to -30V

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

#### NOTES

- 3.  $\theta_{\text{JA}}$  is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.
- 4. For  $\theta_{\mbox{\scriptsize JC}},$  the "case temp" location is the center of the package underside.
- 5. The minimum supply limit specified is for operation in a heavy ion environment at an LET = 86.4MeV\*cm<sup>2</sup>/mg.

**Electrical Specifications**  $V_0 \le V_{\text{IN}} - 1.5V$ ,  $I_0 = 100 \text{mA}$ ,  $C_0 = 47 \mu \text{F}$ , SD = 0V,  $T_A = +25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted. **Boldface limits apply across the operating temperature range, -55 ^{\circ}\text{C} to +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}.** 

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 6)	ТҮР	MAX ( <u>Note 6</u> )	UNIT
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage (ADJ to GND)	I <sub>O</sub> = 3mA to 1A	-1.279	-1.25	-1.231	V
			-1.300		-1.210	V
V <sub>Omin</sub>	Minimum Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = -3V, I <sub>O</sub> = 3mA to 100mA			-2.25	V
V <sub>Omax</sub>	Maximum Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = -30V, I <sub>O</sub> = 3mA to 100mA	-26			V
V <sub>LDR</sub>	Output Voltage Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_{O} = -5V I_{O} = 3mA$ to 1A	-12		12	mV
			-15		15	mV
V <sub>LNR</sub>	Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_0 \le V_{IN}$ -1V to $V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_0 = 100$ mA	-25		25	mV
V <sub>DOL</sub>	0.1A Drop Out Voltage	$dV_0 \le 50 mV$ , $I_0 = 0.1 A$			0.2	V
					0.3	V
V <sub>DOH</sub>	1A Drop Out Voltage (Pulse Tested)	dV <sub>0</sub> ≤ 50mV, I <sub>0</sub> = 1A			1	V
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjust Current	$V_0 \le V_{IN}$ -1V to $V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_0 = 500$ mA		1.7	5	μΑ
I <sub>QDO</sub>	Drop Out Quiescent Current	V <sub>O</sub> - V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.2V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500mA			25	mA
		V <sub>O</sub> - V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.3V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500mA			25	mA
V <sub>SD</sub>	SD Input Voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = ON			0.8	V
		V <sub>O</sub> = OFF	2.4			V
I <sub>SD</sub>	SD Input Current	V <sub>SD</sub> = 0.8V			50	μΑ
		V <sub>SD</sub> = 2.4V			100	μΑ
					150	μΑ
I <sub>SCL</sub>	Output Short-circuit Current Limit	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_{O} = 0V$ , $R_{CL} = 3.7k\Omega$	0.6	0.75	0.9	Α
I <sub>GND</sub>	GND Quiescent Current	-3V≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ -30V, I <sub>0</sub> < 1A		6		mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	Frequency = 1MHz		-49		dB
OT <sub>PROT</sub>	Thermal Protection			150		°C
OT <sub>HYS</sub>	Thermal Hysteresis			20		°C

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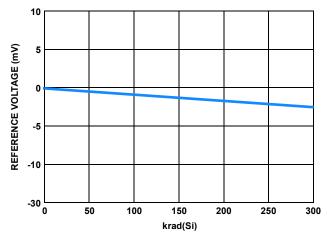
Post Radiation Electrical Specifications  $V_0 \le VIN - 1.5V$ ,  $I_0 = 100 mA$ ,  $C_0 = 47 \mu F$ , SD = 0V,  $T_A = +25 \,^{\circ}$ C, across a total ionizing dose of 300krad(Si) with exposure at a high dose rate of 50 to 300rad(Si)/s.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 6)	TYP	MAX (Note 6)	UNITS
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 3mA to 1A	-1.279		-1.231	V
V <sub>Omin</sub>	Minimum Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = -3V, I <sub>O</sub> = 3mA to 100mA			-2.25	V
V <sub>Omax</sub>	Maximum Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = -30V, I <sub>O</sub> = 3mA to 100mA	-26			V
VLDR	Output Voltage Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_{O} = -5V I_{O} = 3mA$ to 1A	-12		12	mV
VLNR	Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_0 \le V_{IN}$ -1V to $V_{IN}$ = -30V, $I_0$ = 100mA	-25		25	mV
VDOL	0.1A Drop Out Voltage	dV <sub>O</sub> ≤ 50mV, I <sub>O</sub> = 0.1A			0.2	V
VDO <sub>H</sub>	1A Drop Out Voltage (Pulse Tested)	dV <sub>O</sub> ≤ 50mV, I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1	V
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjust Current	$V_0 \le V_{IN}$ -1V to $V_{IN}$ = -30V, $I_0$ = 500mA			5	μΑ
I <sub>QDO</sub>	Dropout Quiescent Current	V <sub>O</sub> - V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.3V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500mA			25	mA
V <sub>SD</sub>	SD Input Voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = ON			0.8	V
		V <sub>O</sub> = OFF	2.4			V
I <sub>SD</sub>	SD Input Current	V <sub>SD</sub> = 0.8V			50	μΑ
		V <sub>SD</sub> = 2.4V			100	μΑ
I <sub>CL</sub>	Output Short-circuit Current Limit	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_{O} = 0V$ , $R_{CL} = 3.7k\Omega$	0.6		0.9	Α

### NOTE:

<sup>6.</sup> Compliance to datasheet limits is assured by one or more methods: production test, characterization and/or design.

Total Dose Radiation Characteristics This data is typical mean test data post total dose radiation exposure at a high dose rate (HDR) of 50 to 300rad(Si)/s to 300krads. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to total dose rate radiation. These are not limits nor are they guaranteed.



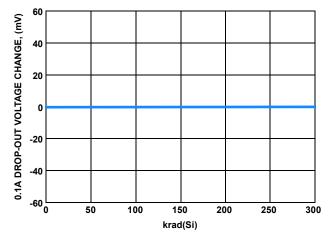
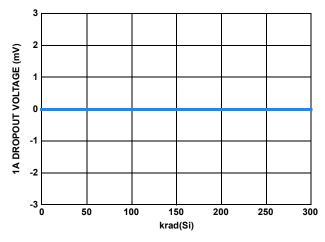


FIGURE 5. REFERENCE VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE **RADIATION** 

FIGURE 6. 0.1A DROP-OUT VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE **RADIATION** 



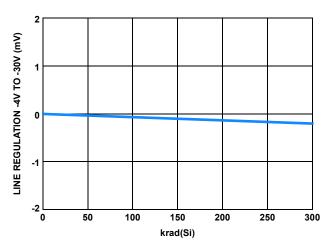


FIGURE 7. 1A DROP-OUT VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE **RADIATION** 

FIGURE 8. OUTPUT VOLTAGE LINE REGULATION CHANGE vs **TOTAL DOSE RADIATION** 

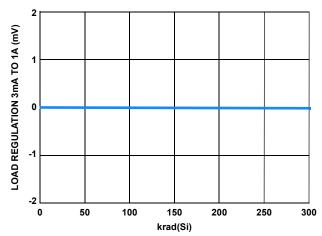
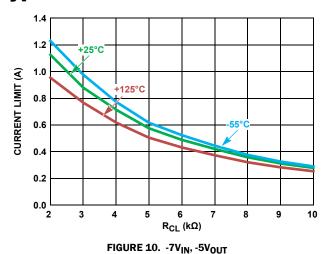


FIGURE 9. OUTPUT VOLTAGE LOAD REGULATION CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE RADIATION

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# **Typical Performance Curves**



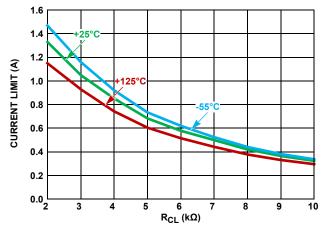


FIGURE 11. -12V<sub>IN</sub>, -5V<sub>OUT</sub>

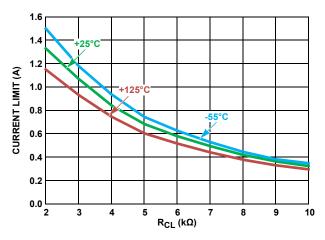


FIGURE 12. -12V<sub>IN</sub>, -10V<sub>OUT</sub>

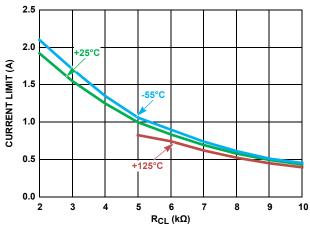


FIGURE 13. -20V<sub>IN</sub>, -10V<sub>OUT</sub>

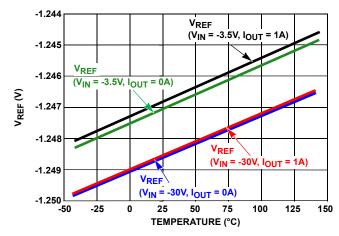


FIGURE 14.  $V_{REF}$  vs TEMPERATURE

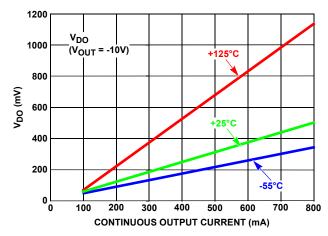


FIGURE 15. DROP\_OUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

# **Typical Performance Curves (Continued)**

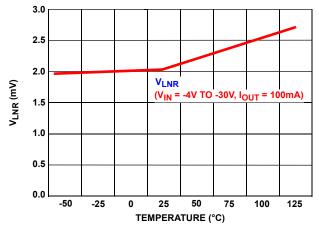


FIGURE 16. LINE REGULATION vs TEMPERATURE

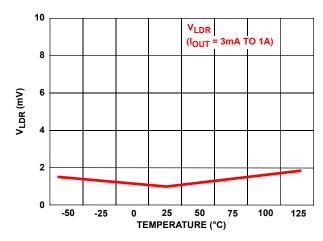


FIGURE 17. LOAD REGULATION vs TEMPERATURE

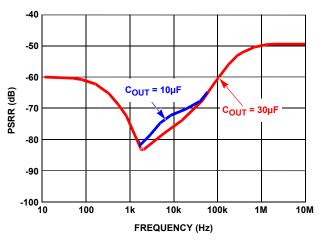


FIGURE 18. PSRR vs FREQUENCY ( $V_{IN} = -20V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = -18V$ )

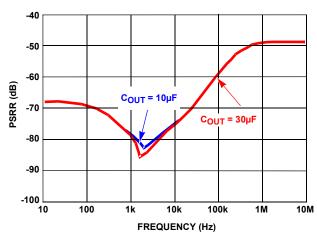


FIGURE 19. PSRR vs FREQUENCY ( $V_{IN} = -7V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = -5V$ )

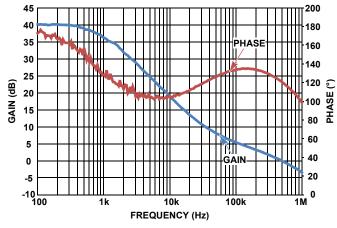


FIGURE 20. GAIN/PHASE -12 $V_{
m IN}$ , -5 $V_{
m OUT}$ , 0.5A  $I_{
m OUT}$ 

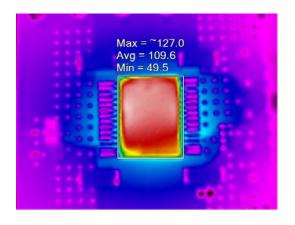


FIGURE 21. THERMAL ( $V_{IN}$  = -12V,  $V_{OUT}$  = -5V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 0.74A,  $T_A = +25$ °C)

# **Functional Description**

### **Functional Overview**

The radiation hardened ISL72991RH is a low dropout adjustable negative regulator with an output voltage range of -2.25V to -26V. The device features a 1A output current capability, an adjustable current limit pin (ILIM) and a shutdown pin (SD) for easy on/off control. The part is constructed using the Intersil dielectrically isolated, complimentary bipolar RSG process. It is immune to single-event latch-up and has been specifically designed to provide reliable performance in harsh radiation environments.

# **Application Information**

## **Output Voltage Programming**

The output voltage of the regulator can be programmed with two external resistors and is described by <u>Equation 1</u>:

$$V_{OUT} = -1.25(1 + R_1/R_2) - (I_{ADJ} \times R_1)$$
 (EQ. 1)

## **Output Current Limit Programming**

The output current limit threshold of the regulator is set with a single external resistor (R<sub>CI</sub>) connected from I<sub>LIM</sub> to ground.

The effective current limit at any single  $R_{CL}$  value is influenced by the  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  difference, temperature and  $V_{IN}$  amplitude. Figures 22 through 24 illustrate these effects.

<u>Figure 22</u> shows that for a given  $V_{OUT}$  (-5V) and temperature (+25°C) the effect of  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  differential on the current limit level is significant.

Figure 23 shows the effect of temperature at a single  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage condition across the  $R_{CL}$  range of 2.1kΩ to 10kΩ.

Because of these numerous variables, there is no one formula relating  $R_{CL}$  to  $I_{CL}$  that will suffice for the range of likely possible conditions. Figures 10 through 13 on page 7 provide guidance in setting the  $R_{CL}$  value for a limited number of possible conditions. Users are advised to evaluate their specific condition for satisfactory performance.

#### **Capacitor Selection**

An input capacitor is required if the regulator is located more than 6 inches from the power supply filter capacitors. A  $10\mu F$  solid tantalum capacitor is recommended.

An output capacitor of at least  $10\mu F$  must be used to insure stability of the regulator. Additional capacitance may be added as required to improve the dynamic response of the regulator. Solid tantalum or ceramic capacitors are recommended.

#### **Loop Compensation**

The output capacitor and ESR comprise a zero in the loop transfer function that must be compensated with a pole to ensure loop stability in accordance with <u>Equation 2</u>:

$$C_C \times R2 = C_{OUT} \times ESR$$
 (EQ. 2)

The compensating capacitor should be a low ESR ceramic type.

#### **Layout Guidelines**

The stability of the regulator is sensitive to layout. It is strongly recommended that a continuous copper ground plane (1 oz. or greater) be used. In addition, component lead lengths and interconnects should be minimized, but should not exceed 1/2 inch. Finally, the return lead of the compensation capacitor ( $C_C$ ) should be connected as close as possible to the GND pin of the IC.

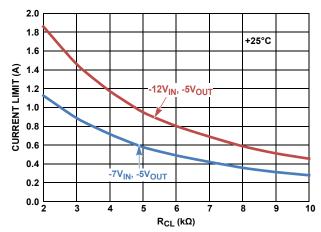


FIGURE 22. ICL vs RCL AND VIN AMPLITUDE

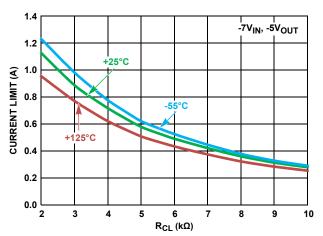


FIGURE 23. I<sub>CL</sub> vs R<sub>CL</sub> AND TEMPERATURE

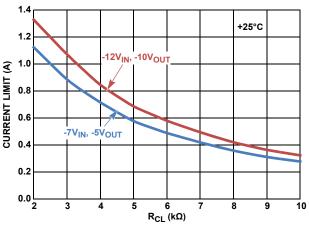


FIGURE 24. I<sub>CL</sub> vs R<sub>CL</sub> AND V<sub>IN</sub> TO V<sub>OUT</sub> DIFFERENTIAL

# **Package Characteristics**

## **Weight of Packaged Device**

2.2 Grams (Typical)

#### **Lid Characteristics**

Finish: Gold

Potential: Unbiased

Case Isolation to Any Lead: 20 x  $10^9 \Omega$  (min)

## **Die Characteristics**

#### **Die Dimensions**

 $5870 \mu m \ x \ 5210 \mu m \ (231.1 mils \ x \ 205.1 mils)$ Thickness:  $483 \mu m \pm 25.4 \mu m \ (19 mils \pm 1 mil)$ 

## **Interface Materials**

### **GLASSIVATION**

Type: PSG (Phosphorous Silicon Glass) Thickness: 8.0kÅ ± 1.0kÅ

# **Metallization Mask Layout**

#### **TOP METALLIZATION**

Type: AlSiCu (Si 0.75-1%/Cu 0.5%) Thickness: 16.0kÅ  $\pm 2$ kÅ

#### **BACKSIDE FINISH**

Silicon

# ASSEMBLY RELATED INFORMATION

**Substrate & Lid Potential** 

Floating

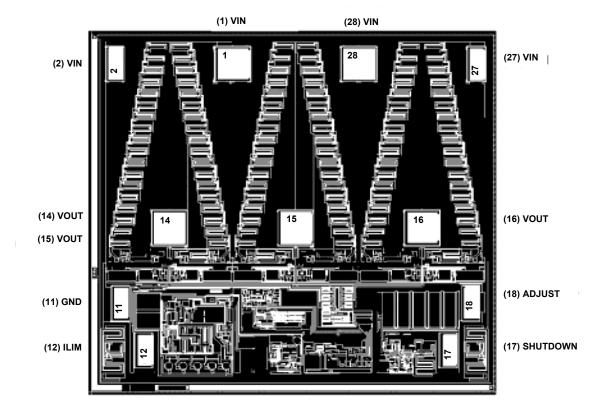
#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

**Worst Case Current Density** 

 $< 2 \times 10^5 \, \text{A/cm}^2$ 

#### **PROCESS**

Dielectrically Isolated Radiation Hardened Silicon Gate



# **Revision History**

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest Revision.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
May 7, 2015	FN9054.4	Replaced Figures 10, 11, 12 and 13 on page 7. Replaced Figures 22, 23 and 24 on page 9. Updated Equation 1 on page 9: from VOUT = -1.25(1+R2/R1) - (IADJ x R2) to VOUT = -1.25(1+R1/R2) - (IADJ x R1).
January 29, 2015	FN9054.3	"Typical Performance Curves" on page 7: Added Figures 18 and 19.
March 26, 2014	FN9054.2	Added Related Literature on page 1. Added significant relevant content throughout the document, expanding from 3 to 12 pages.
June, 28, 2004	FN9054.1	Updated file.
July 9, 2001	FN9054.0	Initial Release.

## **About Intersil**

Intersil Corporation is a leading provider of innovative power management and precision analog solutions. The company's products address some of the largest markets within the industrial and infrastructure, mobile computing and high-end consumer markets.

For the most updated datasheet, application notes, related documentation and related parts, please see the respective product information page found at www.intersil.com.

You may report errors or suggestions for improving this datasheet by visiting www.intersil.com/ask.

Reliability reports are also available from our website at www.intersil.com/support

For additional products, see www.intersil.com/en/products.html

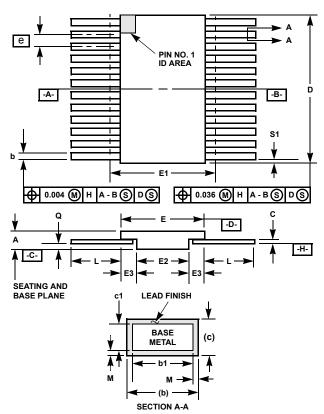
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## Ceramic Metal Seal Flatpack Packages (Flatpack)



### NOTES:

- Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark. Alternately, a tab (dimension k) may be used to identify pin one.
- 2. If a pin one identification mark is used in addition to a tab, the limits of dimension k do not apply.
- 3. This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus, and glass overrun.
- 4. Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness. The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
- 5. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 6. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
- For bottom-brazed lead packages, no organic or polymeric materials shall be molded to the bottom of the package to cover the leads.
- Dimension Q shall be measured at the point of exit (beyond the meniscus) of the lead from the body. Dimension Q minimum shall be reduced by 0.0015 inch (0.038mm) maximum when solder dip lead finish is applied.
- 9. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 10. Controlling dimension: INCH.

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	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.045	0.115	1.14	2.92	-
b	0.015	0.022	0.38	0.56	-
b1	0.015	0.019	0.38	0.48	-
С	0.004	0.009	0.10	0.23	-
c1	0.004	0.006	0.10	0.15	-
D	-	0.740	-	18.80	3
E	0.460	0.520	11.68	13.21	-
E1	-	0.550	-	13.97	3
E2	0.180	-	4.57	-	-
E3	0.030	-	0.76	-	7
е	0.050	BSC	1.27 BSC		-
k	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	2
L	0.250	0.370	6.35	9.40	-
Q	0.026	0.045	0.66	1.14	8
S1	0.00	-	0.00	-	6
M	-	0.0015	-	0.04	-
N	28		2	28	-

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